

Attacking and Protecting Data Privacy in Edge-Cloud Collaborative Inference Systems

ABSTRACT:

Benefiting from the advance of Deep Learning technology, IOT devices and systems are becoming more intelligent and multi-functional. They are expected to run various Deep Learning inference tasks with high efficiency and performance. This requirement is challenged by the mismatch between the limited computing capability of edge devices and large-scale Deep Neural Networks. Edge-cloud collaborative systems are then introduced to mitigate this conflict, enabling resource-constrained IoT devices to host arbitrary Deep Learning applications. However, the introduction of third-party clouds can bring potential privacy issues to edge computing. In this paper, we conduct a systematic study about the opportunities of attacking and protecting the privacy of edge-cloud collaborative systems. Our contributions are twofold: (1) we first devise a set of new attacks for an untrusted cloud to recover arbitrary inputs fed into the system, even if the attacker has no access to the edge device's data or computations, or permissions to query this system. (2) We empirically demonstrate that solutions that add noise fail to defeat our proposed attacks, and then propose two more effective defense methods. This provides insights and guidelines to develop more privacy-preserving collaborative systems and algorithms.

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS:

HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS:

- System : Pentium i3 Processor.
- Hard Disk : 500 GB.
- Monitor : 15’’ LED
- Input Devices : Keyboard, Mouse
- Ram : 4 GB

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS:

- Operating system : Windows 10.
- Coding Language : Java
- Web Framework : Flask

REFERENCE:

Z. He, T. Zhang and R. B. Lee, "Attacking and Protecting Data Privacy in Edge–Cloud Collaborative Inference Systems," in IEEE Internet of Things Journal, vol. 8, no. 12, pp. 9706-9716, 15 June15, 2021, doi: 10.1109/JIOT.2020.3022358.